PHOTOSYNTHSIS (AUTOTROPHIC NUTRITION)

MEANING:

PHOTO-----LIGHT
SYSNTHESIS----- MIXING OR COMBINING VARIOUS THINGS TO MAKE SOMETHING

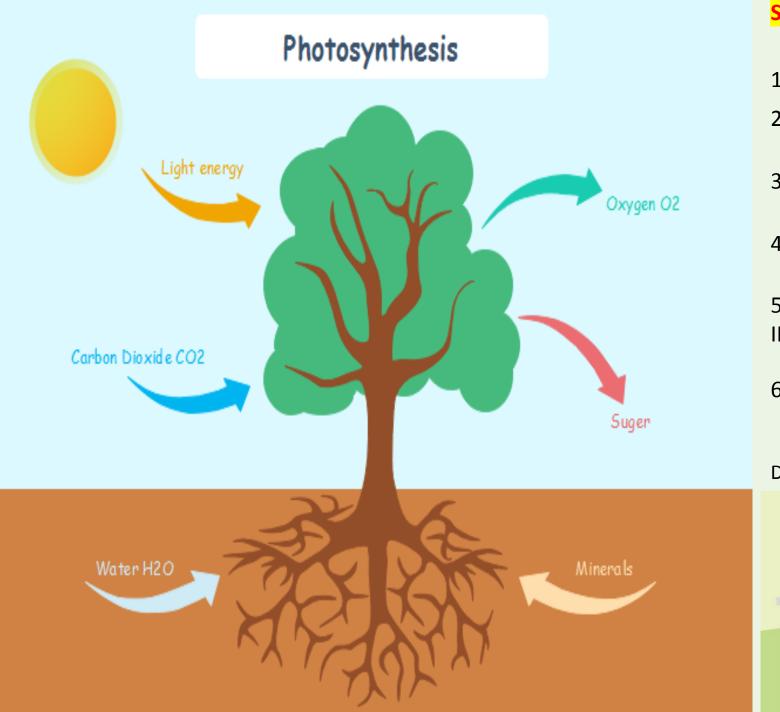
IN RESPECT OF PLANTS

"PHOTOSYNTHSIS MEANS MAKING FOOD (ORGANIC SUBSTANCE) BY COMBINING CO₂ AND WATER (INORGANIC SUBSTANCES) IN PRESENCE OF LIGHT."

- FOOD PREPARED BY PLANTS IS INITIALLY GLUSOSE ($C_6H_{12}O_6$), PROVIDE ENERGY TO PLANTS, AND FINALLY CHANGE INTO STARCH (STORED FOOD).
- PLANTS STORE FOOD IN THE FORM OF STARCH, IN WHICH FORM ANIMALS STORE RESERVE FOOD? ANSWER THIS QUESTION.
- WE CAN DERIVE WHOLE PROCESS BY FOLLOWONG EQUATION

$$6CO_2 + 12H_2O ---- \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 + 6H_2O$$

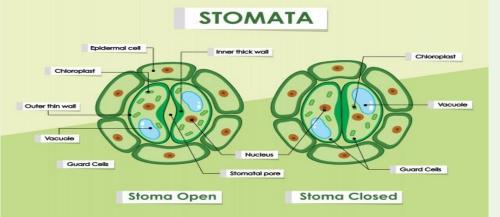
SUNLIGHT (Glucose)



SEE THE PICTURE AND ANSWER THE FOLLOWING

- 1. FROM WHERE PLANTS GET WATER?
- 2. WHICH PART OF PLANT RECEIVE SUNLIGHT? NAME THE PIGMANT ABOSORB LIGHT.
- 3. HOW CARBON DI OXIDE ENTER IN PLANT?
- 4. WHAT PRODUCTS FORM IN PHOTOSYNTHESIS?
- 5. IS PHOTOSYNTHESIS OCCUR IN NIGHT ALSO? IF NOT WHY?
- 6. WHICH ORGANELLE OF PLANT CELL CALLED KITCHEN OF THE CELL?

DRAW THE FOLLOING DIAGRAM IN YOUR NOTEBOOK



PROCESS OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS

- LETS UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS:
 - ABSORPTION OF LIGHT (RADIENT ENERGY) BY CHLOROPHYLL.
 - CONVERSION OF RADIENT ENERGY INTO CHEMICAL ENERGY WHICH STORE IN ATP.
 - SPLITTING OF WATER INTO HYDROGEN AND OXYGEN.
 - THIS HYDROGEN REDUCE CO₂ (REDUCTION OF CARBON DI OXYDE) INTO CARBOHYDRATE (GLUCOSE).

